



Intimate Care Policy

Policy reviewed	juiy 2024
Next review date	July 2025

1) Principles

- 1.1 The Governing Body will act in accordance with the Equality Act 2010 and Keeping Children Safe in Education 2021 which is statutory guidance from the Department for Education issued under Section 175 of the Education Act 2002, the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014, the Non-Maintained Special Schools (England) Regulations 2015, and the Education and Training (Welfare of Children) Act 2021. Schools and colleges in England must have regard to it when carrying out duties to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.
- 1.2 We take seriously our responsibility to safeguard and promote the welfare of the children and young people in our care. Meeting a pupil's intimate care needs is one aspect of safeguarding.
- 1.3 The Governing Body recognises its duties and responsibilities in relation to the Equalities Act 2010 which requires that any pupil with an impairment that affects their ability to carry out day-to-day activities must not be discriminated against.
- 1.4 This intimate care policy should be read in conjunction with the schools' policies as below (or similarly named):
 - Safeguarding Policy and Safeguarding Procedures
 - Staff handbook
 - Health and Safety Policy and Procedures
 - Supporting Pupils with Medical Conditions

Plus

 - Moving and Handling Policy
 - Medicines Policy
- 1.5 The Governing Body will ensure that procedures and plans are in place in order that all staff responsible for the intimate care of pupils will undertake their duties in a professional manner at all times. It is acknowledged that these adults are in a position of great trust.
- 1.6 All staff must always treat all pupils, whatever their age, gender, disability, religion, ethnicity or sexual orientation with respect and dignity when

intimate care is given. The pupil's welfare is of paramount importance and their experience of intimate and personal care should be a positive one. It is essential that every pupil is treated as an individual and that care is given gently and sensitively: no pupil should be attended to in a way that causes distress or pain.

- 1.7 Staff will work in close partnership with parent / carers and other professionals to share information and provide continuity of care.
- 1.8 An intimate care plan should be drawn up with the consent of all involved including the pupil where they are able to express their opinion.
- 1.9 Where pupils with complex and / or long-term health conditions have a health care plan in place, the plan should, where relevant, take into account the principles and best practice guidance in this intimate care policy.
- 1.10 All staff undertaking intimate care must be given appropriate training e.g. Safeguarding, Disability Awareness, Health and Safety, Infection Control, Bladder and Bowel Care and Moving and Handling if necessary.
- 1.11 This Intimate Care Policy has been developed to safeguard pupils and staff. It applies to everyone involved in the intimate care of any pupil.

2) Child / Young Person Focused Principles of Intimate Care

The following are the fundamental principles upon which this policy is based:

- Every child / young person has the right to be safe.
- Every child / young person has the right to personal privacy.
- Every child / young person has the right to be valued as an individual.
- Every child / young person has the right to be treated with dignity and respect.
- Every child / young person has the right to be involved and consulted in their own intimate care to the best of their abilities.
- Every child / young person has the right to express their views on their own intimate care and to have such views taken into account.
- Every child / young person has the right to have levels of intimate care that are as consistent as possible.

3) Definition

- 3.1 Intimate care can be defined as any care which involves washing, touching or carrying out a procedure to intimate personal areas which most people usually carry out themselves, but some pupils are unable to do because of their young age, physical difficulties or other special needs. Examples include care associated with continence and menstrual management as well as more ordinary tasks such as help with washing, toileting or dressing.
- 3.2 It also includes supervision of pupils involved in intimate self-care.
- 3.3 It could also include swimming, physiotherapy and massage depending on the activity.

4) Best Practice

- 4.1 Pupils who require regular assistance with intimate care will have written health care plans and / or intimate care plans, agreed by staff, parents / carers and any other professionals actively involved. Ideally the plan should be agreed at a meeting which all key staff attend, and the pupil is consulted wherever possible / appropriate. Any historical concerns (such as past abuse) should be taken into account. The plan should be reviewed as necessary, but at least annually, and at any time of change of procedure or circumstances, e.g. for residential trips or staff changes (where the staff member concerned is providing intimate care). They should also take into account procedures for off-site visits / day trips.
- 4.2 Vbranch House staff will use, where relevant, appropriate terminology for private parts of the body and functions and this should be noted in the plan. Safeguarding / sex education guidance generally states this should be anatomically accurate/factual words, and not "family words".
- 4.3 Where a plan is **not** in place, parents / carers will be informed the same day if their child has needed help with meeting intimate care needs (eg has had an 'accident' and wet or soiled themselves) via the home/school diary.
- 4.4 If there are unforeseen changes to the agreed plan, this would be recorded in a format pre agreed by parents, staff and pupil.
- 4.5 Accurate records should be shared with parents via the home school diary
- 4.6 All pupils will be supported to achieve the highest level of autonomy possible given their age and abilities. Staff will encourage each individual to do as much for themselves as possible.
- 4.7 Staff should be fully aware of best practice regarding infection control, including the requirement to wear disposable gloves and aprons where appropriate.
- 4.8 Staff will be supported to adapt their practice in relation to the needs of individual pupils taking into account developmental changes such as the onset of puberty and menstruation.
- 4.9 There must be careful communication with each pupil who needs help with intimate care using their preferred means of communication (verbal, symbolic, etc) to discuss their needs and preferences. Permission should always be sought before starting an intimate procedure.
- 4.10 Staff who provide intimate care should speak to the pupil personally by name, explain what they are doing and communicate in a way that reflects the pupil's age and cognitive ability.
- 4.11 Every pupil's right to privacy and modesty will be respected. Careful consideration will be given to each pupil's situation to determine who and how many carers might need to be present when they need help with intimate care. Reducing the numbers of staff involved goes some way to

preserving the pupil's privacy and dignity. Wherever possible, the pupil's wishes and feelings should be sought and taken into account.

- 4.12 The religious views, beliefs, cultural values of children and their families and sexual identity of children / young people should be taken into account when writing the intimate care plan, particularly as they might affect certain practices or determine the gender of the carer.
- 4.13 Adults who assist pupils with intimate care should be employees of the school, not students or volunteers, and therefore have the usual range of safer recruitment checks, including enhanced DBS checks.
- 4.14 All staff must be aware of the school's confidentiality policy. Sensitive information will be shared only with those who need to know.
- 4.15 Health & Safety guidelines should be adhered to regarding waste products.
- 4.16 No member of staff will carry a mobile phone, camera or similar device whilst providing intimate care. If the nature of the site requires being able to contact someone in an emergency, consider using walkie talkies or a school mobile phone without camera capability.

5) Safeguarding

- 5.1 The Governors and staff at this school recognise that pupils with special needs and who are disabled are particularly vulnerable to all types of abuse.
- 5.2 The school's safeguarding procedures will be adhered to.
- 5.3 From a safeguarding perspective it is acknowledged that intimate care involves risks for pupils and adults as it may involve staff touching private parts of a pupil's body. In this school best practice will be promoted and all adults (including those who are involved in intimate care and others in the vicinity) will be encouraged to be vigilant at all times, to seek advice where relevant and take account of safer working practice.
- 5.4 Pupils will be taught personal safety skills matched to their level of development and understanding.
- 5.5 If a member of staff has any concerns about physical changes in a pupil's presentation, e.g. unexplained marks, bruises, etc they will immediately report concerns to the Designated Safeguarding Lead. A clear written record of the concern will be complete on CPOMS, and a referral made to Children's Social Care (Front Door Service) if appropriate, in accordance with the school's safeguarding procedures. Parents/carers will be asked for their consent or informed that a referral is necessary prior to it being made but this should only be done where such discussion and agreement-seeking will not place the pupil at increased risk of suffering significant harm.
- 5.6 If a pupil becomes unusually distressed or very unhappy about being cared for by a particular member of staff, this should be reported to the Designated Safeguarding Lead. The matter will be investigated at an appropriate level and outcomes recorded. Parents/carers will be contacted as soon as possible in order to reach a resolution. Staffing schedules will be

altered until the issues are resolved so that the pupils' needs remain paramount. Further advice will be taken from outside agencies if necessary.

- 5.7 If a pupil, or any other person, makes an allegation against an adult working at the school this should be reported to the Headteacher (or to the Chief Executive if the concern is about the Headteacher) who will consult the Local Authority Designated Officer in accordance with the school's policy: Dealing with Allegations of Abuse against Members of Staff and Volunteers. It should not be discussed with any other members of staff or the member of staff the allegation relates to.
- 5.8 Similarly, any adult who has concerns about the conduct of a colleague at the school or about any improper practice will report this to the Chief Executive or to the Chair of Trustees, in accordance with the safeguarding procedures and 'whistle-blowing' policy.

6) Medical Procedures

- 6.1 Pupils might require assistance with invasive or non-invasive medical procedures such as tube feeding, tracheostomy care, suction, the administration of medication, managing catheters or colostomy bags. Instructions on management plans (e.g. suction, epilepsy etc.) and prescriptions will be followed – these may be adjusted by the prescriber as necessary, and any changes must be evidenced. These procedures will be discussed with parents/carers, documented in plan and will only be carried out by staff who have been trained to do so.
- 6.2 It is particularly important that these staff should follow appropriate infection control guidelines and ensure that any medical items are disposed of correctly.
- 6.3 Any members of staff who administer first aid should be appropriately trained. If an examination of a pupil is required in an emergency aid situation it is advisable to have another adult present, with due regard to the pupil's privacy and dignity.

7) Massage

- 7.1 Massage can be used with pupils who have complex needs and / or medical needs in order to develop sensory awareness, tolerance to touch and as a means of relaxation.
- 7.2 It is recommended that massage undertaken by school staff should be confined to parts of the body such as the hands, feet and face in order to safeguard the interest of both adults and pupils.
- 7.3 Any adult undertaking massage for pupils must be suitably qualified and/or demonstrate an appropriate level of competence.

This policy was adopted by the Governing Body on July 2024

It will be reviewed July 2025